



**SOBELCO**

# “The Future is Now: How to Plan for a Remote Audit”

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# Agenda

Planning  
Document Review  
Remote Interviews  
Technical Considerations  
Concluding Observations  
Q & A



# Planning

**Audit planning and scoping is even more critical for conducting the remote audit as it is more difficult to change course from a remote location.**

- Both parties (auditor and auditee) should have an understanding of the audit approach
- Client expectations on protocols should be set at the outset
- It should be agreed how and when the information will be exchanged
- Questions asked should include: What limitations will there be? Will some of the audit need to be in person? If so, what are the arrangements? Will deadlines be consistent with past performance?
- The timeline should be clearly communicated regarding expected receipt of audit schedules, support, etc.



# Document Review

- Time for preparing and uploading documentation should be taken into account.
- Communication regarding what documentation is necessary should be clear to avoid unnecessary back and forth.
- It should be discussed if direct access to certain modules can be given to the auditors.
- Decide how questions regarding the data will be communicated – via email or video-conference? Consider what works best and is most efficient.



# Remote Interviews

- The interviews will be conducted similarly to in-person.
- Auditor should be prepared with questions to facilitate the conversation.
- There should be a live video meeting scheduled if possible (as opposed to telephone) because body language and other visual clues are key.
- The interview process should lend itself to conversation – even though it is difficult to connect remotely.



# Technical Considerations

- Auditing Standards address *what* evidence to obtain not *how* to obtain that evidence.
- Electronic confirmations are permissible.
- Examples of possible scope limitations in a remote environment:
  - Inability to evaluate the design and implementation of relevant internal controls
  - Inventory existence risks can't be adequately reduced
- Considerations for the management representation letter:
  - Electronic signatures may be acceptable if you can verify the signatory actually signed.
  - Standards don't require the use of client letterhead, but the company name and address are a best practice.



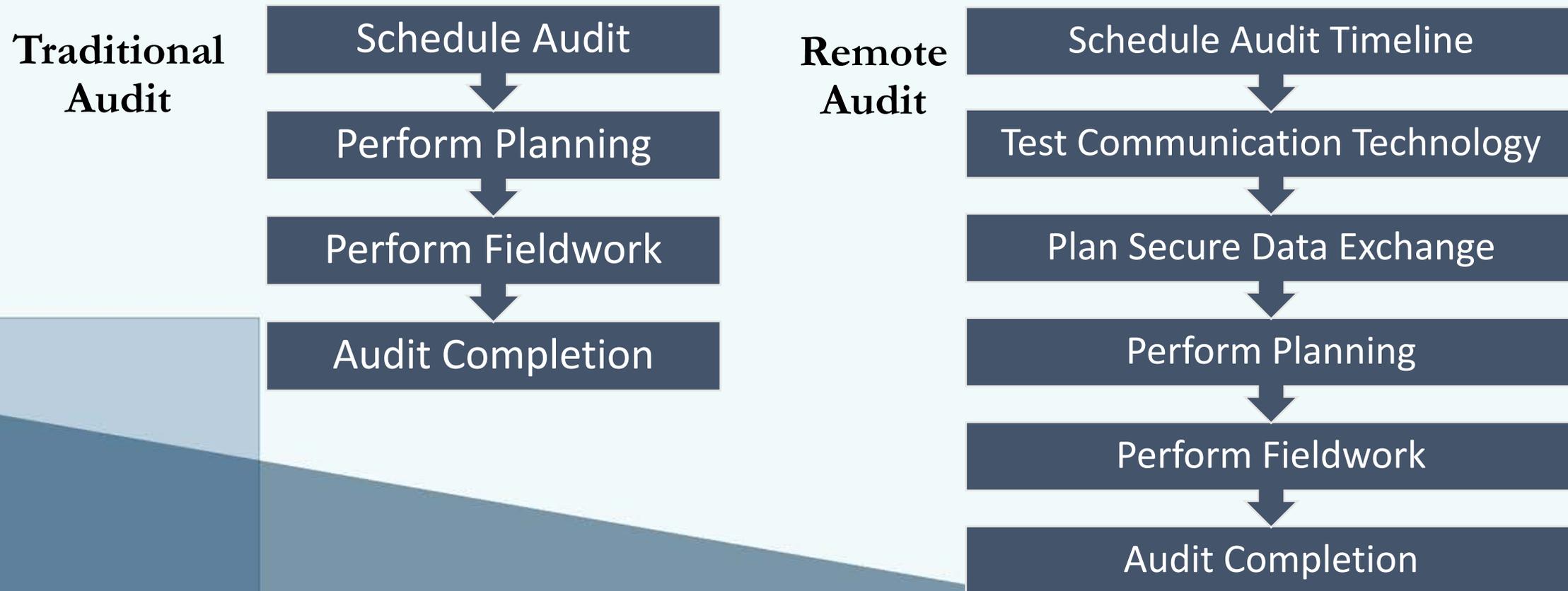
# Concluding Observations

- Be responsive – remember that the auditor can't walk into your office, so all communications will be via email, conference call etc.
- Timetable for touching base between client and auditor should be established in advance (i.e.: once a day; twice a week, etc.)



# Concluding Notes

Expected common changes in the “logistics” of performing an audit:



# Contact Information



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